#### The Outcome – Mathematicians

We want our mathematicians to develop an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics. They will be curious mathematicians who think deeply about the world, approaching problems creatively and flexibly, including breaking problems down into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions. They will have an understanding of the concepts which underpin procedures, the ability to reason mathematically and to make rich connections between the different mathematical domains. They will 'know' numbers; develop a number sense and be able to recall and apply knowledge rapidly, accurately and efficiently. They will be able to move fluently between different representations of mathematical ideas and will be able to use manipulatives to model their mathematical thinking.

Threads					
One World	Human Impact	Human Endeavour			
Diversity & Mutual Respect	Sustainability & Ecology	The spirit of adventure, innovation and inspiration			
Democracy & Individual Liberty					

Starting Points – Area of Study							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
	Number:	Number:	Number:	Number:	Number:	Number:	
	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	Place Value	
	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	Addition	
	Subtraction	Subtraction	Subtraction	Subtraction	Subtraction	Subtraction	
	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	Multiplication	
	Division	Division	Division	Division	Division	Division	
	Fractions	Fractions	Fractions	Fractions	Fractions	Fractions	
				Decimals	Decimals	Decimals	
	Geometry:	Geometry:	Geometry:		Percentages	Percentages	
	Shape	Properties of Shape	Properties of Shape	Geometry:		Algebra	
	Position and Direction	Position and Direction		Properties of Shape	Geometry:	Ratio	
			Measurement:	Position and Direction	Properties of Shape		
	Measurement:	Measurement:	Money		Position and Direction	Geometry:	
	Length	Length	Length	Measurement:		Position and Directio	
	Height	Height	Perimeter	Length	Measurement:	Properties of Shape	
	Weight	Money	Time	Perimeter	Perimeter		
	Volume	Time	Mass	Area	Area	Measurement:	
	Money	Capacity	Capacity	Money	Covering Units	Covering Units	



	Time	Temperature		Time	Volume	Perimeter	1
			Statistics			Area	ì
		Statistics		Statistics	Statistics	Volume	ı
							ì
						Statistics	ì
							ı

### Curriculum Coverage – NC

The minimum requirements as detailed within the National Curriculum

### Process Skills and Process Knowledge – Knowing How?

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
	Number: Place Value	Number: Place Value	Number: Place Value	Number: Place Value	Number: Place Value	Number: Place Value			
	- count to and across	- count in steps of 2,	- count from 0 in	- count in multiples of 6,	- read, write, order and	- read, write, order and			
	100, forwards and	3, 5 from 0 and in	multiples of 4, 8, 50	7, 9, 25 and 1000	compare numbers to at	compare numbers up to			
	backwards, beginning	tens from any	- fine 10 or 100 more	- find 1000 more or less	least 1,000,000 and	10,000,000 and determine			
	with 0 or 1, or from	number forward and	or less than a given	than a given number	determine the value of each	the value of each digit			
	any given number	backward	number	- count backwards	digit	- round any whole number			
	- count, read and	- recognise the place	<ul> <li>recognise the place</li> </ul>	through zero to include	- count forwards or	to a required degree of			
	write numbers to 100	value of each digit in	value of each digit in	negative numbers	backwards in steps of	accuracy			
	in numerals, count in	a two-digit number	a three-digit number	- recognise the place	powers of 10 for any given	- use negative numbers in			
	multiples of 2, 5, 10	- identify, represent	- compare and order	value of each digit in a	number up to 1,000,000	context and calculate			
	- given a number,	and estimate	numbers up to 1000	four-digit number	- interpret negative	intervals across zero			
	identify one more	numbers using	<ul> <li>identify, represent</li> </ul>	- order and compare	numbers in context, count	- solve number and practical			
	and one less	different	and estimate	numbers beyond 1000	forwards and backwards	problems that involve all of			
	- identify and	representations	numbers using	- identify, represent and	with positive and negative	the above			
	represent numbers	- compare and order	different	estimate numbers using	whole numbers, including				
	using objects and	numbers from 0 up	representatives	different representatives	through zero	Number: Addition,			
	pictorial	to 100, using < > =	- read and write	- round any number to	- round any number up to	Subtraction, Multiplication			
	representatives	- read and write	numbers up to 1000	the nearest 10, 100 or	1,000,000 to the nearest 10,	and Division			
	including the number	numbers to at least	in numerals and	1000	100, 1000, 10,000 and	- multiply multi-digit			
	line and the use of	100 in numerals and	words	- solve number and	100,000	numbers up to 4-digits by a			
	language of equal to,	in words	- solve problems and	practical problems that	- solve number problems	2-digit whole number using			
	more than, less than,	- use place value and	practical problems	involve all of the above	and practical problems that	the formal written method			
	most, least	number facts to solve	involving these ideas	and with increasingly	involve all of the above	of long multiplication			
	- read and write	problems		large positive numbers	- read Roman numerals to	- divide numbers up to 4-			
	numbers from 1 to		Number: Addition	- read Roman numerals	1000 and recognise years	digit by a 2-digit number			
			and Subtraction	to 100	written in Roman numbers	using the formal written			



20 in numerals and words

### Number: Addition and Subtraction

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving
   + - =
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and twodigit numbers to 20
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction

### Number: Multiplication and Division

- solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects etc.

### **Number: Fractions**

 recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

### Number: Addition and Subtraction

- solve problems with addition and subtraction using concreate objects and pictorial representatives and applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods - recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently and derive and use related facts up to 100
- show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order and subtraction of one number from another cannot recognise and use the inverse
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

### Number: Multiplication and Division

 recall and use multiplication and

# add and subtract numbers mentally add and subtract Substituting the subtract

- numbers with up to three-digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
- estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value etc.

#### Number: Multiplication and Division

- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables - write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know - solve problems involving

multiplication and

division

# Number: Addition and Subtraction

- add and subtract numbers with up to 4-digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction - estimate and use inverse operations to check answers - solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts deciding which operations and methods to use and why

### Number: Multiplication and Division

- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12 x 12
   use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally including multiplying by 0 and 1, dividing by 1
   recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
- multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout

### Numbers: Addition and Subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

### Number: Multiplication and Division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number and common factors of two numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19
- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one or two-digit number using a formal written method including

method of long division and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions or by rounding as appropriate for the context - divide numbers up to 4-digit by a 2-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate - perform mental calculations including with mixed operations and large numbers

- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
   use estimation to check
- answers to calculations and determine and appropriate degree of accuracy

# Number: Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions, use



 recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

#### Measurement:

- compare, describe and solve practical problems for length, heights, mass, weight, capacity, volume and time - measure and begin to record the following: lengths, heights, mass, weight, capacity, volume and time - recognise and know the value of different denominations of

- coins and notes
   sequence events in
  chronological order
   recognise and use
  language relating to
  dates
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times

### Geometry: Properties of Shape

- recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes (including

division facts for the 2.5 and 10 multiplication tables - calculate statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using  $x \div and =$ - show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order and division of one number by another cannot - solve problems involving multiplication and division

#### **Number: Fractions**

- recognise, find, name and write fractions 1/3, ¼, 2/4 and ¾ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity - write simple fractions

#### Measurement:

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length/ height, mass, temperature and capacity

#### **Number: Fractions**

- count up and down in tenths, recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 1- equal parts

- recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects
- recognise and use fractions as numbers, unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- recognise and show equivalent fractions with small denominators
   add and subtract
- fractions with the same denominators within one whole compare and order unit fractions with the
- same denominator
   solve problems that
  involve all of the
  above

#### Measurement:

- measure, compare, add and subtract lengths, mass, volume and capacity - solve problems involving multiplying and adding

### Number: Fractions (including decimals)

- recognise and show families of common equivalent fractions - count up and down in hundredths, recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred - solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities - add and subtract fractions with the same denominator - recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths - recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4 - find the effect of dividing a one or two digit number by 10 or 100, identifying the value of the digits in the

answer as ones, tenths and hundredths

- round decimals with

one decimals place to

the nearest whole

number

long multiplication for twodigit numbers

- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numberssolve problems involving
- multiplication and division using their knowledge of factors, multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these
   solve problems involving multiplication and division
- multiplication and division including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates

# Number: Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all

common multiples to express factions in the same denominators

- compare and order fractions
- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers using the concept of equivalent fractions
- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages



squares, circles, triangles, cuboids, pyramids and spheres)

### Geometry: Position and Direction

 describe position, direction and movement

- compare and order lengths, mass, volume/ capacity and record the results using < > =
- recognise and use symbols for pounds £ and pence p
- find different combinations of coins that equal the same amount of money
- solve simple problems in a practical context including addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change
- compare and sequence intervals of time
- -tell and write the time to 5 minutes
- know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day

### Geometry: Properties of Shape

- identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line

- measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes
- add and subtract amounts of money to give change
- tell and write the time from an analogue clock
   estimate and read
- time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute, record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours
- know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
- compare duration of events

# Geometry: Properties of Shape

- draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials
- recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them - recognise angles a
- recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn

- compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places - solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places

#### Measurement:

- convert between different units of measure
- measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure in cm and m
- rectilinear shapes by counting squares - estimate, compare and calculate different

- find the area of

- calculate different measures including money in pounds and pence
- read, write and convert time between analogue and digital
- solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes, minutes to seconds, years to months and weeks to day

# Geometry: Properties of Shape

compare and classify geometric shapes based

multiples of the same number

- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions
   recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths
- and decimal equivalents
   round decimals with two
- decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- recognise the per cent symbol % and understand that per cent relates to 'number of parts per hundred'

## Number: Ratio and Proportion

- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

#### Number: Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

#### Measurement:

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversation of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three



- identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces
- identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes
- compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects

### **Geometry: Position** and Direction

- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
   use mathematical
- use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement

#### Statistics:

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting

- identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half turn etc.
- identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines

#### Statistics:

- interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- solve one=step and two-step questions

- on their properties and sizes
- identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size
- identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations
- complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of symmetry

### Geometry: Position and Direction

- describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant - describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/ right and up/down
- plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon

#### Statistics:

- interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods including bar charts and time graphs
- solve comparison, sum and difference problems

 write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100 and as a decimal
 solve problems which require knowing percentages and decimal equivalents

#### Measurements:

- convert between different units of metric measurements
- understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints
   measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in
- centimetres and metres
   calculate and compare the
  area of rectangles
- estimate volume
- solve problems involving converting between units of time
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure

# **Geometry: Properties of Shape**

identify 3-D shapes from 2-D representatives
know angles are measured in degrees, estimate and

compare acute, obtuse and

reflex angles

- decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit
- convert between miles and kilometres
- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
   calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units

### **Geometry: Properties of Shape**

 draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
 recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes,

including making nets

- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in triangles, quadrilaterals and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius,



the categories by	using information	- draw given angles and	diameter and circumference
quantity	presented in a bar chart,	measure them in degrees	and know that the diameter
- ask and answer	pictogram, tables and	- identify angles at a point	is twice the radius
questions about	other graphs	and one whole turn, angles	- recognise angles where
totalling and		at a point on a straight line,	they meet at a point, are on
comparing data		other multiples of 90	a straight line or are
		degrees	vertically opposite and find
		Use the properties of	missing angles
		rectangles to deduce related	
		facts and find missing	Geometry: Position and
		lengths and angles	Direction
		- distinguish between	- describe positions on full
		regular and irregular	coordinate grid (all four
		polygons based on	quadrants)
		reasoning about equal sides	- draw and translate simple
		and angles	shapes on the coordinate
			plane and reflect them in
		Geometry: Position and	the axes
		Direction	
		- identify, describe and	Statistics:
		represent the position of a	- interpret and construct pie
		shape following a reflection	charts and line graphs and
		or translation using the	use these to solve problems
		appropriate language and	- calculate and interpret the
		know that the shape has not	mean as an average
		changed	
		Statistics:	
		- solve comparison, sum and	
		different problems using	
		information presented in a	
		line graph	
		- complete, read and	
		interpret information in	
		tables, including timetables	



	Propositional Knowledge – Knowing What?								
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2			
EYFS	Getting to know you	It's Me, 1, 2, 3!	Alive in 5!	Building 9 and 10	To 20 and Beyond!	Find My Pattern			
	Just like me!	Light and Dark	Growing 6, 7, 8	Consolidation	First, then, now	On The Move!			
Year 1	Number: Place Value (within 10)	Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 10)	Number: Addition and Subtraction (within 20)	Number: Place Value (Multiples of 2, 5 and 10)	Number: Multiplication and Division	Number: Place Value (within 100)			
	<b>Number</b> : Addition and Subtraction (within 10)	Geometry: Shape	Number: Place Value (within 50)	Measurement: Length and Height	Number: Fractions	Measurement: Mone			
		Number: Place Value (within 20)		Measurement: Weight and Volume	Geometry: Position and Direction	Measurement: Time			
Year 2	Number: Place Value	Number: Addition and	Number: Multiplication	Number: Fractions	Geometry: Position and	Measurement: Mass			
	Number: Addition and	Subtraction	and Division	Measurement: Length	Direction	Capacity and Temperature			
	Subtraction	Measurement: Money	Statistics	and Height	Measurement: Time	Investigations			
		<b>Number</b> : Multiplication and Division	<b>Geometry</b> : Properties of Shape		SATs consolidation				
Year 3	Number: Place Value	Number: Addition and Subtraction	Number: Multiplication and Division	Measurement: Length and Perimeter	Number: Fractions	<b>Geometry</b> : Propertie			
	Number: Addition and	Sastraction	ana Division	and i crimeter	Measurement: Time	Shape			
	Subtraction	<b>Number</b> : Multiplication and Division	Measurement: Money Statistics	Number: Fractions	<b>Geometry</b> : Properties of Shape	Measurement: Mass Capacity			
Year 4	Number: Place Value	Measurement: Length and Perimeter	Number: Multiplication and Division	Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals	Statistics			



	Number: Addition and			Number: Decimals	Measurement: Money	Geometry: Properties o
	Subtraction	Number: Multiplication and Division	Measurement: Area		Measurement: Time	Shape
	Measurement: Length and Perimeter		Number: Fractions			<b>Geometry</b> : Position and Direction
Year 5	Number: Place Value	Statistics	Number: Multiplication and Division	Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals	<b>Geometry</b> : Position and Direction
	Number: Addition and	Number: Multiplication		Number: Decimals and	<b>Geometry</b> : Properties of	
	Subtraction	and Division	Number: Fractions	Percentages	Shape	Measurement:
						Converting Units
	Statistics	Measurement: Area and				
		Perimeter				Measurement: Volume
Year 6	Number: Place Value	Number: Fractions	Number: Decimals	Measurement:	Geometry: Properties of	
				Converting Units	Shape	
	Number: Addition,	Geometry: Position and	Number: Percentages			
	Subtraction,	Direction		Measurement: Volume,	Statistics	
	Multiplication and		Number: Algebra	Area and Perimeter		
	Division				Problem Solving	
				Number: Ratio		
					SATs consolidation	

	Key Subject Vocabulary						
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Key Mathematical Vocab:	Key Mathematical Vocab:	Key Mathematical Vocab:					

	Experiences and Wider Purpose							
EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		



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